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معلوم و مجهول +  
شنیداری

جلسه

موضوع

- علی کتاب می خواند
- کتاب خوانده شد
- علی در حال خواندن کتاب است.
- کتاب در حال خوانده شدن است.

### کاربرد مجهول

زمانی که فاعل جمله ناشناخته است یا اهمیت چندانی ندارد و تاکید بر روی فعل (انجام کار) به جای فاعل نشان داد.

فاعل معلوم است ← جمله معلوم (اکثرا انسان)

فاعل معلوم نیست (یا اهمیت ندارد) ← جمله مجهول (اکثرا غیر انسان)

- A man was hit by a car. (یک مرد توسط ماشین زده شد)
- He was injured. (او صدمه دید)

## تغییر جمله از معلوم به مجهول

جمله معلوم : **Ali breaks the window.**

۱. فاعل جمله معلوم حذف می شود (یا پس از واژه by در انتهای جمله آورده می شود)

~~Ali~~ breaks the window. → breaks the window (by Ali)

۲. مفعول جمله معلوم به اول جمله می آید به فاعل جمله مجهول تبدیل می شود.

breaks **the window** (by Ali) → **the window** breaks (by Ali)

۳. افعال to be مناسب با فاعل جدید به عنوان فعل کمکی بعد از فاعل و قبل از فعل اصلی اضافه می شود.

**the window** breaks (by Ali) → **the window** **is** breaks (by Ali)

۴. بعد از فعل to be شکل سوم (P.P) از فعل اصلی آورده می شود.

the window is breaks (by Ali) → the window is **broken** (by Ali).

\*نکته: فاعل به اسمی گویند که از نظر گرامری در جایگاه خودش باشد و تعیین کننده فعل باشد یعنی در جملات فاعل جدید ملاک

است و اسمی که بعد از by می آید فاعل نیست

the window is broken by Ali.

	فاعل	فعل	مفعول
معلوم	A car	hit	the man.
مجهول	The man	was hit	(by a car).

### تبدیل معلوم به مجهول:

1. His mother packs the bag.	• The bag is packed by his mother.
2. The people elect the president.	• The president is elected by the people.
3. The children play football.	• Football is played by the children.
4. An Irishman writes these books.	• These books are written by an Irishman.
5. The teacher completes the exercises.	• The exercises are completed by the teacher.

\* نشانه های جمله مجهول : فعل to be به همراه P.P و by (یا گاهی غیر انسان در نقش فاعل)

مجهول (p) یا معلوم (a) ؟

- ***Bingo is played in Britain.***
- ***Lots of houses were destroyed.***
- ***French is spoken in Niger.***
- ***He lost his keys yesterday.***
- ***The bus driver was hurt.***

زمان حال ساده		
... + فعل حال ساده + فاعل		
<b>(مفعول قبل) + فاعل + am/is/are + pp + ...</b>		
زمان گذشته ساده		
... + فعل گذشته + فاعل		
<b>(مفعول قبل) + فاعل + was/were + pp + ...</b>		
زمان حال استمراری		
+ فاعل	am is are	فعل ing دار +
<b>(مفعول قبل) + فاعل + am/is/are + being + pp + ...</b>		
زمان گذشته استمراری		
+ فاعل	was were	فعل ing دار +
<b>(مفعول قبل) + فاعل + was/were + being + pp + ...</b>		



**1. He teaches English. / English ..... by him.**

taught            is taught            was taught

**2. The child is eating bananas. / Bananas ..... by the child.**

are eaten            are being eaten            have been eaten

**3. She is writing a letter. / A letter ..... by her.**

is written            is being written            has been written

**4. The master punished the servant. / The servant ..... by the master.**

is punished            was punished            has punished

**5. He was writing a book. / A book ..... by him.**

was written            had written            was being written

**6. Who wrote this letter? / By whom .....?**

was this letter written            was this letter being written            had this letter written

**7. Somebody cooks meal every day. / Meal ..... by someone every day.**

is cooked            has cooked            is cooking

**8. He wore a blue shirt. / A blue shirt ..... by him.**

wore            was wore            was worn

**9. They are building a house. / A house ..... by them.**

is built            is being built            was built

**10. I was finishing the job. / The job ..... by me.**

has finished            was being finished            was finished

**11. I sent the report yesterday. / The report ..... yesterday.**

is sent            was sent



**9. Wherever there is plenty of rain during the growing season, life is \_\_\_\_\_ in various forms.**

- (A) abundant
- (B) the abundance
- (C) an abundant
- (D) it abundant

**7. The earring is one of the oldest known ornaments and \_\_\_\_\_ pieces of stone, bone, or shell.**

- (A) was from originally from
- (B) was made originally from
- (C) originally made was from
- (D) from originally made was

**11. Although still underwater, Loihi Seamount, the newest Hawaiian island, \_\_\_\_\_ closer to the surface by frequent volcanic eruptions that add layers of lava to the island.**

- (A) brought
- (B) to be brought
- (C) being brought
- (D) is being brought

**2. Narcissus bulbs \_\_\_\_\_ at least three inches apart and covered with about four inches of well drained soil.**

- (A) should be planted
- (B) to plant
- (C) must planting
- (D) should plant